# THE PATENT OFFICE OF THE STATE INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFICE OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

Address: No.6 Xi Tucheng Lu, Jimeng Qiao Haidian District, Beijing Post code: 100088 P.O.BOX: Beijing 8020					
Shanghai Patent & Trademark Law Office  Date of Dispatch May 21, 2004					
Application No.: 02106627.2	Applicant: ASAHI GLASS COMPANY LTD.				
Application Date: February 28, 2002	Agent:				
Title: METHOD OF COUPLING PLA					
NOT	ICE ON OFFICE ACTION				
provision of Item 1, Article 35 of tas to Substance on the above mention	bstantive Examination raised by the applicant and based on the the Patent Law, the Examiner has proceeded with the Examination oned application for patent for invention.  The Chinese Patent Law, the Patent Office has decided to examine invention.				
at the Paten	P Patent Office as the priority date, at Office as the priority date, about the copy of the first filed prior application document are of the country where the application was originally filed. The copy of the first filed prior application document certified by the copy of the application was originally filed. It is deemed not ding to the provision stipulated in Article 30 of the Patent Law.				
On examination, among them, the submitted on the submitted on Because the above amendment does not conform with the prove does not conform with the provent Law,					

	X The	examination has been proceeded on the original	application documents.
	The	examination is directed at the following applica	tion documents:
	Clair	n, page of the specification, page	of the drawing of the original application
	docu	ments submitted on the date of filing.	
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ı	This	Notice is made under the condition of no search	having been conducted.
- (	X This	Notice is made under the condition of search ha	ving been conducted.
	$\boxtimes$	This Notice has cited the below comparison de	ocuments (the number of which shall continue to
		be used in the subsequent examination procedu	res):
	No.	Title of Document	Date of Publication (or the filing date of the conflicting Application)
/	1	US4629284A-filed in IOS 11.18 2002	
· /	2	US4871227A - filedin FOD 11.18.2002	
	3	JP 平 8-5848A- herwith	January 12, 1996
	4	JI TO SOHOID FICTORIA	variably 12, 1770
	<u> </u>	<u></u>	
	☐ Tł ⊠ Tł	nich no patent right shall be granted.  The specification does not conform with the province drafting of the specification does not conform aplementing Regulations.	
		gards the Claims:	
,	⊠c	laim 1.6 does not possess the novelty as stipulat	
	⊠c	laim 2-5,7-10 does not possess the inventivenes	s as stipulated in Item 3, Article 22 of the Patent
		.aw.	
			cability as stipulated in Item 4, Article 22 of the
		Patent Law.	
		laim falls under the scope of Article 25 of	of the Patent Law where no patent right is to be
		ranted.	
		laim does not conform with the provisio	
		laim does not conform with the provisio	
	_	laim does not conform with the definition	-
		of the Implementing Regulations of the Patent La	
	_	laim does not conform with the provisio	n of Item 1, Rule 13 of the Implementing
		Regulations of the Patent Law.	
			ons of Rules 23 of the Implementing Regulations
		of the Patent Law.	
	Refer	r to the text of this Notice for the specific analys	es of the conclusive opinion.

7.	Based on the above conclusive opinion, the Examiner deems that:  The applicant shall amend the application documents in accordance with the requirements raised in the text of the Notice.  The applicant shall discuss in his observations reasons why this application for patent can be grant a patent right, and amend the portions indicated in the text of the Notice which have been deemed a not conforming with the provisions, or no patent right shall be granted.  There are no substantive contents in the application for patent that can be granted a patent right. If applicant does not present reasons or the reasons presented are not sufficient, the application shall rejected.	ted as the
8.	The applicant is asked to note the following items:	
	(1) According to the provision of Article 37 of the Patent Law, the applicant shall submit observations within <b>four months</b> from the receipt of this Notice. Where, without justified reason the applicant does not respond at the expiration of said date, the application shall be deemed to have been withdrawn	ons,
٠	(2) The applicant shall amend his application according to Article 33 of the Patent Law. The amendocuments shall be in duplicate, and the form, in conformity with the relevant provisions in Examination Guide.	
	(3) The applicant and/or his agent can not, without first making an appointment, go to the Patent Of to have an interview with the Examiner.	fice
	(4) The observations and/or the amended documents shall be mailed or delivered to Department Receipt, the Patent Office of the State Intellectual Property Office. No documents shall posselegal effects if not mailed or delivered to Department of Receipt.	
9.	The text portion of this Notice totals 3 page(s), and includes the following attachment(s):  duplicate copy(ies) of cited comparison document(s), altogether 3 copy(ies) 30 pages.	
Ex	camination Department: Examiner(Seal):	
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### THE TEXT OF THE FIRST OFFICE ACTION (Translation)

#### Application Number:

This application relates to a method for coupling plastic optical fibers. As stated in the specification, the technical problem to be addressed by the present application is "to couple end faces of plastic optical fibers in easy fashion and with low splice loss". Upon examination, the office action is provided as follows.

1. Claims 1 and 6 do not possess the novelty as prescribed in Paragraph 2 of Article 22 of the Patent Law; claims 2-5 and 7-10 do no possess the inventiveness as prescribed in Paragraph 3 of Article 22 of the Patent Law.

The technical solution as claimed in claim 1 does not possess the novelty as prescribed in Paragraph 2 of Article 22 of the Patent Law. Reference 1 (US4629284A) discloses an apparatus and method for connecting optical fibers and in particular reveals the following technical features "the apparatus includes a connecting means (3) which has inside a groove (5) for receiving plastic optical fibers in a longitudinal direction, opposed end faces (11, 12) of the plastic optical fibers being coupled together, and the connecting means providing a lateral pressure to the fibers so that the fibers are held in the connecting means" (See column 5, line 46 to column 6, line 60 of the specification and figure 1 of the reference). As thus can be seen, Reference 1 has disclosed all of the technical features of the claim. Further, the technical solution disclosed by Reference 1 pertains to the same technical field, and produces the same technical effects, as claim 1. Therefore, the technical solution as claimed in the claim has no novelty.

Claim 2 is dependent upon claim 1 and includes the additional technical feature "the groove of the holder has openings at opposite ends of the holder, the openings have inclined portions, and the opposed end faces of the respective plastic optical fibers are introduced from the openings into the groove of the holder and coupled together by use of flexibility of the holder". However, these features have been correspondingly disclosed in Reference 2 (US4871227A) (See column 4, lines 10-16 of the specification and figure 7 of Reference 2), and play the same role in Reference 2 as in the present

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invention, i.e., facilitating the entry of the optical fibers from the ends into the groove. Namely, the reference gives a hint to apply the above additional technical features into Reference 1 to further resolve the technical problem. As thus can be seen, it is obvious to those skilled in the art to incorporate Reference 2 into Reference 1 to obtain the technical solution as further defined in the claim. Accordingly, where the claim referred to has no novelty, claim 2 does not possess the inventiveness as prescribed in Paragraph 3 of Article 22 of the Patent Law.

The additional technical feature "the groove can encompass a cylindrical space occupying 50% or more of an entire outer circumference of each of the plastic optical fibers" of claim 3 has also been correspondingly disclosed in Reference 1 (See figures 4-9 and 11 of Reference 1), and plays the same role in Reference 1 as in the present invention, i.e., making the optical fibers be more steadily held in the holder. Accordingly, where claims 1 or 2 referred to has no novelty or inventiveness, claim 3 does not possess the inventiveness as prescribed in Paragraph 3 of Article 22 of the Patent Law.

Claim 4 includes the additional technical feature "at least one portion of the plastic optical fibers is made of fluororesin". However, this feature has been correspondingly disclosed in Reference 3 (JP \( \pi \) 8-5848A) (See claim 4 of Reference 3), and plays the same role in Reference 3 as in the present invention, i.e., taking advantage of the excellent transmission properties in near infrared light of the optical fibers of fluororesin, which suit the middle distance communication. Namely, the reference gives a hint to apply the above additional technical feature into References 1 and to further resolve the technical problem. As thus can be seen, it is obvious to those skilled in the art to incorporate Reference 3 into References 1 and 2 to obtain the technical solution as further defined in the claim. Accordingly, where the claims referred to have no novelty or inventiveness, claim 4 does not possess the inventiveness as prescribed in Paragraph 3 of Article 22 of the Patent Law.

The additional technical feature "the opposed end faces of the fibers are coupled together with a refractive index matching agent" of claim 5 has also been correspondingly disclosed in Reference 1 (See column 6, lines 34-45 of the specification Reference 1), and plays the same role in the reference as in the present

invention, i.e., lowering the splice loss of the optical fibers. Accordingly, where the claims have no novelty or inventiveness, claim 5 does not possess the inventiveness as prescribed in Paragraph 3 of Article 22 of the Patent Law.

Claims 6-10 claim a plastic optical fiber unit including a coupled portion. The optical fiber unit is made in accordance with the method of claims 1-5, and the technical features of claims 6-10 with regard to the method of connecting plastic optical fibers exactly correspond to those of claims 1-5. Accordingly, based on the same reasons as with claims 1-5, claim 6 has no novelty and claims 7-10 have no inventiveness.

2. Claims 4, 5, 9 and 10, which are themselves multiple dependent claims, refer to the preceding multiple dependent claims and thus do not conform to the provision of Paragraph 2 of Rule 23 of the Implementing Regulations.

## 3. (Omitted and can be dealt with easily at our end)

Based on the above reasons, none of the independent and dependent claims of this application possesses inventiveness. Meanwhile, there are no other material contents that can be granted a patent recorded in the specification. Accordingly, there will be no prospect of this application being granted, even if the applicant recombines and/or further defines the claims based on the contents recorded in the specification. If the applicant cannot give sufficient reasons demonstrating the inventiveness of the application within the time limit set by the present notice, the application will be rejected.



# 中华人民共和国国家知识产权局

邮政编码: 200233

上海桂平路 435 号
上海专利商标事务所
吴明华

申请号: 021066272

申请人: 旭硝子株式会社

发明创造名称: 连接塑料光纤的方法

			第一	一次审查	意意见通	知书	٠		•
_	☑应申请人技 实质审查。	是出的实理	F请求,根据专	利法第 35	<b>←第</b> Ⅰ款的规	定,国家	知识产权局对上边	战发明专利□	申请进
			第2款的规定。	,国家知识产	"权局决定自	行对上达	₹发明专利申请进	行审查。	
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3. [	]经审查,申 年 年 年	请人于: 月 日: 月 日: 月 日: 月 日:	是交的		施细则第 51. 利法第 33 条		Ξ;		
•	查针对的申请		7	-	1. 44.				
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	口语明书不符合	专利法第 26 条第 3 款的	规定。
		专利法第33条的规定。	77476
		不符合实施细则第 18 条	的规定。
			H 1/70/AC 4
	☑ ☑关于权利要求书	<b>§:</b>	
	7 权利要求	1,6 不具备专利法第22	条第2款规定的新颖性。
	✓ 权利要求2-5.	7-10不具备专利法第 22	条第3款规定的创造性。
	□权利要求	不具备专利法第 22	条第4款规定的实用性。
	□权利要求		规定的不授予专利权的范围。
	□ 权利要求	不符合专利法第 26	
	□权利要求	不符合专利法第 31	
	□权利要求	不符合专利法第 33	
	□权利要求		田则第2条第1款关于发明的定义。
	□权利要求		丑则第 13 条第 1 款的规定。
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		9,10不符合专利法实施组	田则第 23 条的规定。
上这	选结论性意见的具 <b>位</b>	本分析见本通知书的正文	部分。
	生于上述结论性意见		
Ē	申请人应按照通知	知书正文部分提出的要求	,对申请文件进行修改。
Ē	]申请人应在意见[	冻述书中论述其专利申请	可以被授予专利权的理由,并对通知书正文部分中指出的不符
	合规定之处进行	行修改,否则将不能授予专	<b>利权。</b>
	]专利申请中没有	可以被授予专利权的实质	性内容,如果申请人没有陈述理由或者陈述理由不充分,其申
	请将被驳回。		
	]		
8. 月	ョ请人应注意下述◙	<b>事项:</b>	
(1)			本通知书之日起的肆个月内陈述意见,如果申请人无正当理
	由逾期不答复,	其申请将被视为撤回。	A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY AS A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE
(2)	申请人对其申请的	修改应符合专利法第 33.	条的规定,修改文本应一式两份,其格式应符合审查指南的有
	关规定。		
(3)			或递交国家知识产权局专利局受理处,凡未邮寄或递交给受理
	处的文件不具备》		24. 77 文权 日土利日 日本本日光行人所
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٥	[]引用的对比文件[	的复印件共3_份_	
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审查员: 2004年4

审查部门 审查协作中心